COMPUTER SCIENCE CURRICULUM MAP



Our subject vision:

Aspiration

Mission statement:

We aim to provide a high quality and engaging curriculum to equip students to be well-rounded digital learners and to use that knowledge to understand and solve the problems of the ever changing and challenging global world.

Knowledge:

In Computer Science we aim to use computational thinking and creativity to understand and change the world we live in. We teach students the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming. We have a spiral curriculum so key topics are revisited and built-upon such as data, computer hardware and software, networks, the internet and programming.

Skills:

Students learn the basics of a programming language each year. They then undertake a programming project/task which allows them to analyse a problem, design and devise a solution using algorithm, develop a solution, test and evaluate the produced solution. They are taught to be competent users of the school network and systems. We believe all students should think like computer scientists.

Understanding:

At the end of their study students will aspire to become digitally literate and computational thinkers. They will be prepared for further study and will be able to develop their ideas at a level suitable for the future workplace and as active participants in a digital world.

Opportunity

Within the classroom:

In Computer Science lessons, students study a range of topics along with developing their programming skills. All students can participate in the Bebras Challenge which focuses on computational and logical thinking and is designed to get students excited about computing. Students to are also given the opportunity to explore new technologies using research-based homework.

Beyond the classroom:

Beyond the curriculum, students may participate in:

- Coding club
- Cyber explorer club
- Cyberfirst Girls Competition (Teamed with St Helen and St Katharine, Abingdon)
- Masterclass in Computer Science
- External talks (STEM) and visits (Bletchley Park)

Integrity

Knowledge:

Computer Science understand a range of ways to use technology safely, respectfully, responsibly and securely, including protecting their online identity and privacy. They recognise inappropriate content, contact and conduct and know how to report concerns.

Skills:

Students have access to their own computers during lessons. They learn how to use and look after the computers, report any faults or damages and are encouraged to leave the workstation neat and tidy for the next person. Students understand that they must create a strong memorable and secure password which should not be shared with anyone.

Understanding:

Through their work, students demonstrate that they are competent, confident and creative users of information and communication technology. They have an increasing awareness of the importance of environmental, legal and ethical issues when using digital device/media.

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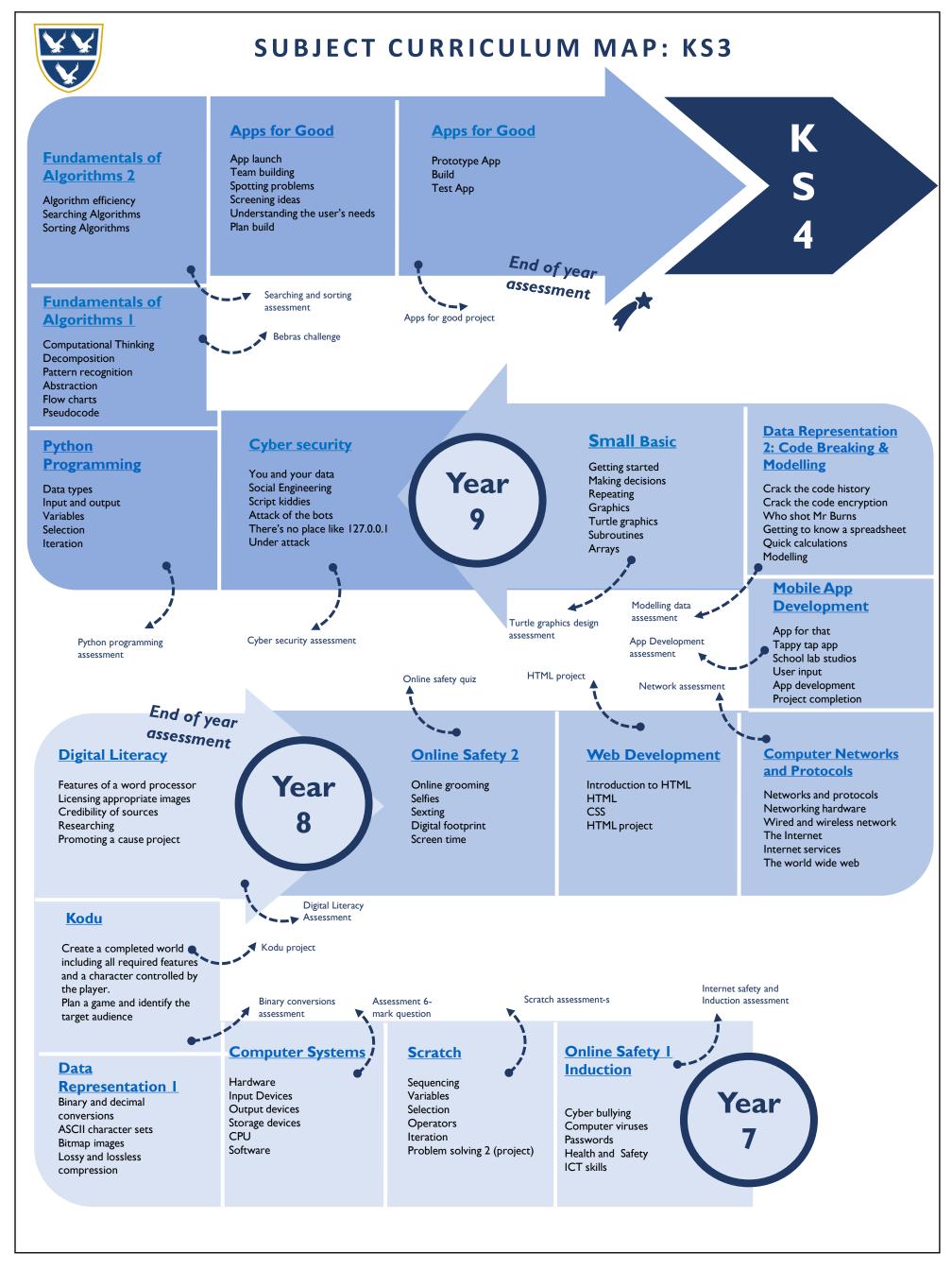
- What we learn the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming.
- How we learn it the KS3 curriculum covers the fundamental elements of Computer Science.
 Students are given the opportunity to cover units that will prepare them for the GCSE at Key 4.
 The AQA syllabus is covered at KS4.
- What makes this so important:- It is a crucial tool needed to survive in our modern world. It has become part of the way we all learn, work and entertain ourselves.
- Key assessment objectives which can be linked throughout!
 - Acquiring and applying knowledge of the use of algorithms in computer programs to solve problems
 - Developing computer programs to solve problems
 - Evaluating the effectiveness of computer programs/solutions and the impact of, and issues related to, the use of computer technology in society
 - An understanding of current and emerging technologies, how they work and applying this knowledge in a range of contexts

How this document works:

This Curriculum Map will show you everything we do in Computer Science. It shows the learning journey from year 7 to year 11 and beyond.

At each point it will show you what is covered and how it will be assessed. Click on each topic and it will automatically take you to an explanation of why we learn it.

If you have any further questions, contact Amma Okeke: email aokeke@fitzharrys.oxon.sch.uk



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SUBJECT CURRICULUM MAP: KS4

Further study

AS and A-levels, University degrees, Technical Awards, apprenticeships

Career pathways

Software development, AI engineering, Cyber security analyst, Games developer, Clothes designer, Music data analyst, Day trader, Web content editor, CAD designer

Revision Programming Processes 2

Files
Relational databases
Structured query language
Validation and authentication

Programming Processes I

Subroutines
Robust and secure
programming
Classification of programming
languages

Programming

Components 3

Two dimensional arrays

Classification of programming

assessments after each topic

Societal Impacts

Cultural Ethical Legal Environmental

Mock exams

Computer Networks

LANs, WANs and PANs Network types and shapes Network protocols Four Layer Model

YII students have end of unit

The Mock exam is a combined Paper I and Paper 2 written paper

YI0 students have end of

unit assessments after each

Programming Components 2

Mock exams

Summer

exams

Input and output
String handling
Nested selection
Nested iteration
Random number generation
Subroutines

The Mock exam is a combined Paper I and Paper 2 written paper

Amazon Future Engineer Virtual Tour

languages

databases

Arrays

Programming Components I

Data types Programming concepts Arithmetic operations Relational operations Boolean operations Data structures

Cyber security

Cyber security threats

Security weaknesses

Security methods

Fundamentals of Algorithms

Representing algorithms Efficiency of algorithms Searching algorithms Sorting algorithms

Data Representation

Binary, decimals and hexadecimal conversions Units of information Binary arithmetic Character encoding Representing images Representing sound Data compression

Computer Systems

Trips and visits

Trip for Year 10 students

Hardware and software Boolean Logic Software classification Systems Architecture CPU registers

Year 10



Year

Cyber security

Students learn about Why this? techniques used by cybercriminals disrupt systems, and infiltrate networks and prevention. (social engineering, hacking, DDoS attack and malware).

Why now? Students have prior knowledge of malware and online security issues from Y7 & Y8.

Python programming

Students are introduced to another text-based programming language Python. They use 2 environments: the Editor and Shell They progress from simple programs to more complex iteration.

Why now?

. Why

this?

Why

now?

5

Why

this?

Students build on their knowledge of programming constructs from Scratch and visual basic.

Students will understand

how problems can be solved

work in teams or individually

practical coding skills from Y8 Mobile App Development.

using Technology. Student

to design and build an app that solves a problem they

Students build on their

Apps for Good 1

care about.

Apps for Good 2

Whv this?

this?

Why

now?

Students develop their problem-solving app, with opportunities to bring in feedback from industry experts.

Fundamentals of Algorithms 1

Students understand several

computational thinking. They

Students know how to solve

problems using python. They

flowcharts and pseudocode

can link it to algorithms,

key algorithms that reflect

use logical reasoning to

compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the

same problem.

Why now? Students continue to develop and build their App from Apps for Good 1.

Fundamentals of Algorithms 2

Whv Students should use several key algorithms that reflect this? computational thinking, for example, algorithms for sorting and searching

Students must be familiar Why with creating flowcharts . now?

Online Safety 2

Students are using more

screen time, so they must

footprint, the appropriate

use of selfies and the

and sexting,

learn about leaving a digital

dangers of online grooming

Students are at the right age

to learn about these online

issues. They will also be building on their knowledge

Web Development

Why Students learn text-based this?

Why

Further to writing blockbased coding in Year 7. students will learn a new

coding language to design a website. They use notepad to code html and learn new practical skills.

now?

coding language, html.

Mobile App Development

from Y7.

Why this?

Why

this?

Whv

now?

Students take on the role from designer to project manager to developer in order to create their own mobile app. They code on Java script.

Why now?

Why

this?

Why

now?

Students build on their knowledge of programming concepts from Y7 before undertaking their project.

Online Safety 1

about the risk from

unsuitable content.

personal data, illegal

spyware, viruses,

cyberbullying.

to for help.

downloads, file sharing,

Students can start the

Students are online all the

time and need to be taught

accidentally disclosing their

inappropriate advances and

academic year knowing how

to keep safe, behave sensibly online and where/who to go

Data Representation 2: Code Breaking & Modelling

Students learn about this?

encryption and different methods used to crack codes. They also learn about spreadsheet modelling

Why now? Students have prior knowledge of binary system from Y7 which they can apply to binary messages.

Scratch

Why this?

programming. They learn basic coding skills and how to implement programming constructs in Scratch.

Why now? programming. To use essential constructs which will be used in other programming languages in Y9 and KS4.

Students learn block-based

To introduce block-based

5

Why this?

Why now? Students are introduced to a problem and asked to solve it using a range of skills. (Design, code and produce a solution, test, refine and evaluate). They

Computer Networks and Protocols

Why this? Students will define network, address the benefits of networking and explain how data is transmitted across networks using protocols.

Why now? Students have basic knowledge of hardware from Y7. They will build on this knowledge and learn about network hardware.

Small Basic

Students learn a new coding Whv this?

language, Small Basic. They learn to code in a powerful development environment using the Editor and IntelliSense.

Why

Students are introduced to the Editor environment for writing the code and a different environment for running the program.

Computer Systems

Why this?

Students must understand the hardware and software components that make up a computer system and how the communicate with one another and other systems. They will understand how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system

Why now? Students have no prior knowledge from KS2 and will need to have the basic understanding in KS3 for in depth learning at KS4.

Data Representation 1

Why this?

Students will understand how numbers can be represented in binary. They understand how text and images can be represented digitally in the form of binary digits

Why now? Students have no prior knowledge from KS2

Kodu

Students will understand what visual programming is and will learn to develop problem solving skills..

build on these skills at KS4.

Digital Literacy

Why this?

Students will have an understanding of licensing issues, plagiarism, the use of different methods of citation and how to identify unreliable sources of information.

Why now?

Students need the basic knowledge, skills and tools for use in cross curriculum activities in Y7 onwards.





Computer Networks

Why Students can explain what a this? computer network is, discuss the merits of wired and wireless networking, LAN, Wan, Pan, topologies, protocols and the 4-layer TCP/IP model

Students have learnt the Whv basics of computer network now? at KS3 and computer systems in Y10. They will now build on their knowledge learning

more details about the topic.

Programming Components 2

Whv Students learn and apply this? advanced programming concepts which include string handling nested selection, nested iteration, subroutines and random number generation.

Why Students build on their knowledge and application of now? of programming components in Y10.

Programming Components 3

Why Students understand and this? know the differences between low- and high-level languages. They understand structured approach to programming, arrays, 2dimensional arrays and databases.

Students build on their Why advanced knowledge and now? application of programming component 2..

Programming Process 1

Why Students learn robust and this? secure programming processes. They can discuss the merits of translators, compilers, assembly languages and interpreters and the differences

Why Students build on their knowledge of programming now? components modules in Y10 **Programming Processes 2** Revision

> Why Students understand and can this? create and use files. relational databases, and structured query language. They also learn testing, Validation and authentication in programming.

Students build on their Why knowledge from the now? programming modules in Y11..

Revision

Why Students consolidate their this? learning. They ruse past papers and other resources like PiXL, Seneca and GCP workbook for revision.

Why Students have finished the syllabus and need to improve now? their exam technique.

Computer Systems

Why Students will explain Logic this? gates and circuits, the Von Neuman architecture and the role of main and secondary memory, the components of the CPU and Fetch-Execute cycle.

Why Students have learnt the basics of computer system at now? KS3 and will build on their knowledge and delve into more details on the topic.

Data Representation 3

Whv Students will convert from this? binary, decimal and hexadecimal ,add multiply and divide binary numbers and calculate file sizes. They will understand character sets, sound, image and compression of data.

Why Students have learnt the now? basics of data representation at KS3 and will build on that knowledge and delve into more details on the topic.

Fundamentals of Algorithms 3

Why Students understand this? algorithms expressed in pseudocode and flowcharts and use these to write algorithms. They can understand and explain decomposition, abstraction, efficiency, searching and sorting

Students will build on their Whv knowledge of the basics of now? fundamentals of algorithms which they learnt at KS3.

algorithms.

Cyber security

Why Students are able to explain this? cyber security and cybersecurity threats. They can describe methods that suitable for protecting from cyber threats

Students will build on their Why now? knowledge of cyber security from KS3.

Programming Components 1

Why Students understand and use this? data types, operators, variable declaration and assignment. They can apply programming techniques and constructs.

Why Students will build on their now? knowledge of programming and practical skills from KS3. **Societal Impact**

Why Students learn about the this? laws that govern the use of computer systems and technology.. They are able to discuss moral, ethical, legal, social and environmental issues regarding computer technology

Why Students will build on their now? knowledge of online safety in KS3 and cyber security .in Y10.