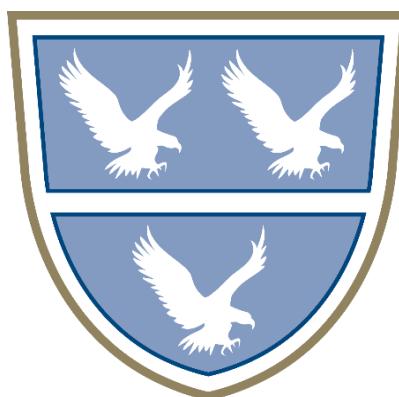


COMPUTER SCIENCE CURRICULUM MAP



Our subject vision:

‘To provide a high quality and engaging curriculum to equip students to be well-rounded digital learners and to use that knowledge to understand and solve the problems of the ever changing and challenging global world.’

- What we learn- the principles of information and computation, how digital systems work, and how to put this knowledge to use through programming.
- How we learn it - The KS3 curriculum covers the fundamental elements of Computer Science. Students are given the opportunity to cover units that will prepare them for the GCSE at Key 4. The AQA syllabus is covered at KS4.
- What makes this so important:- It is a crucial tool needed to survive in our modern world. It has become part of the way we all learn, work and entertain ourselves.:
- Key assessment objectives- which can be linked throughout!
 - Acquiring and applying knowledge of the use of algorithms in computer programs to solve problems
 - Developing computer programs to solve problems
 - Evaluating the effectiveness of computer programs/solutions and the impact of, and issues related to, the use of computer technology in society
 - An understanding of current and emerging technologies, how they work and applying this knowledge in a range of contexts

How this document works:

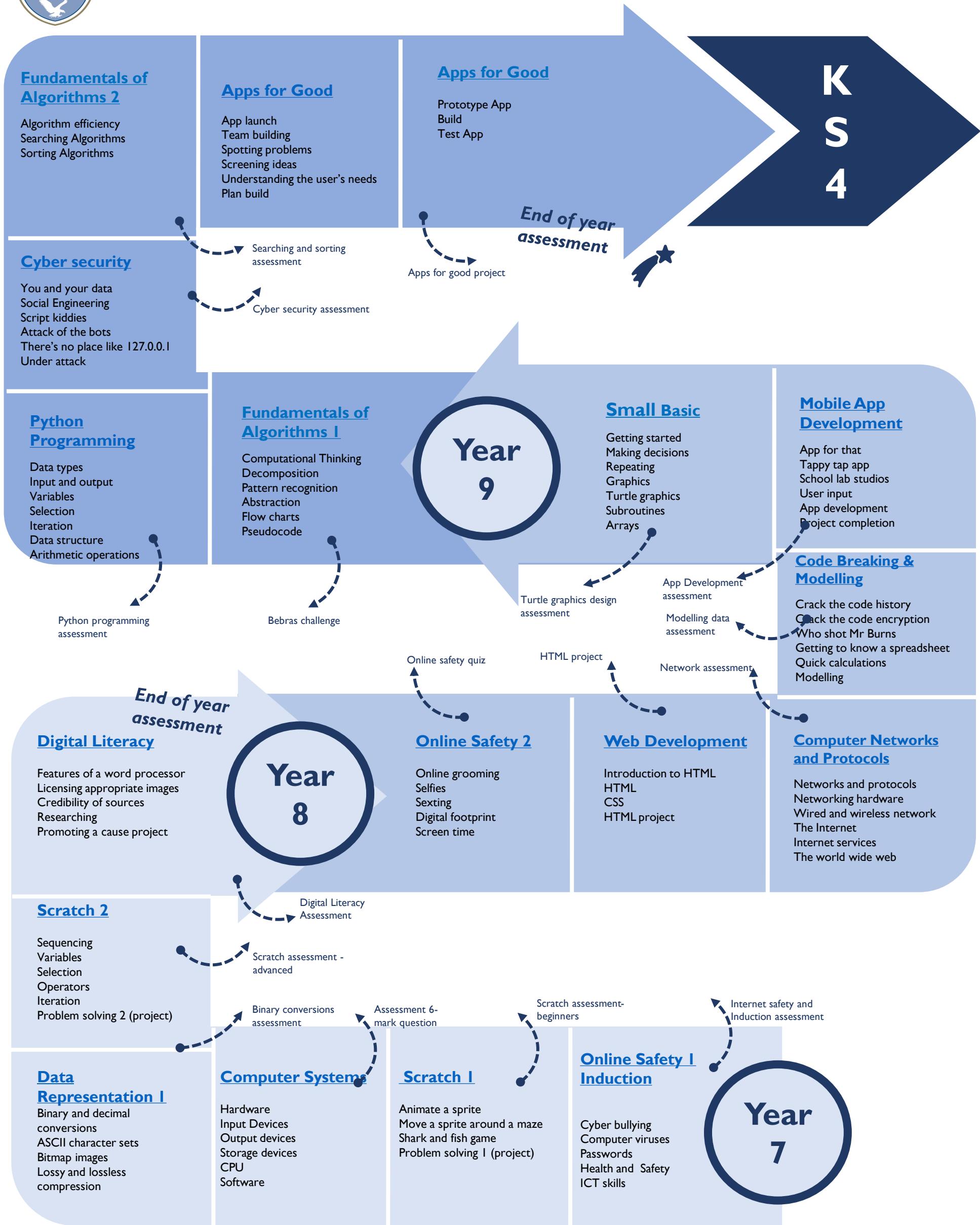
This Curriculum Map will show you everything we do in Computer Science. It shows the learning journey from year 7 to year 11 and beyond.

At each point it will show you what is covered and how it will be assessed. Click on each topic and it will automatically take you to an explanation of why we learn it.

If you have any further questions, contact Amma Okeke



SUBJECT CURRICULUM MAP: KS3





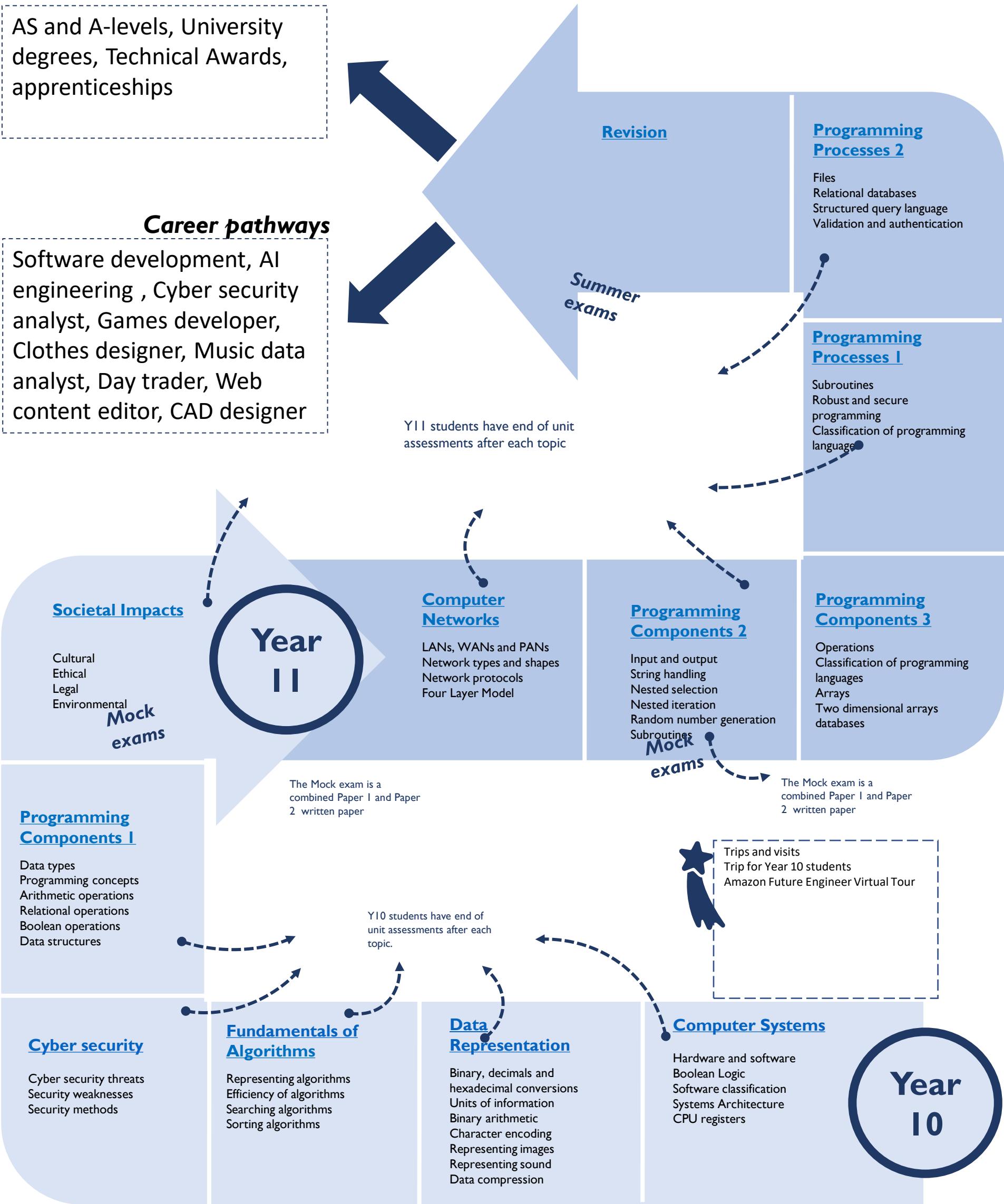
SUBJECT CURRICULUM MAP: KS4

Further study

AS and A-levels, University degrees, Technical Awards, apprenticeships

Career pathways

Software development, AI engineering, Cyber security analyst, Games developer, Clothes designer, Music data analyst, Day trader, Web content editor, CAD designer



Revision

Programming Processes 2

Files
Relational databases
Structured query language
Validation and authentication

Summer exams

Programming Processes 1

Subroutines
Robust and secure programming
Classification of programming language

Year 11

Societal Impacts

Cultural
Ethical
Legal
Environmental

Mock exams

Computer Networks

LANs, WANs and PANs
Network types and shapes
Network protocols
Four Layer Model

Programming Components 2

Input and output
String handling
Nested selection
Nested iteration
Random number generation
Subroutines

Mock exams

Programming Components 3

Operations
Classification of programming languages
Arrays
Two dimensional arrays
databases

Programming Components 1

Data types
Programming concepts
Arithmetic operations
Relational operations
Boolean operations
Data structures

The Mock exam is a combined Paper 1 and Paper 2 written paper

The Mock exam is a combined Paper 1 and Paper 2 written paper

Trips and visits
Trip for Year 10 students
Amazon Future Engineer Virtual Tour

Y10 students have end of unit assessments after each topic.

Cyber security

Cyber security threats
Security weaknesses
Security methods

Fundamentals of Algorithms

Representing algorithms
Efficiency of algorithms
Searching algorithms
Sorting algorithms

Data Representation

Binary, decimals and hexadecimal conversions
Units of information
Binary arithmetic
Character encoding
Representing images
Representing sound
Data compression

Computer Systems

Hardware and software
Boolean Logic
Software classification
Systems Architecture
CPU registers

Year 10



Year 9

Year 8

Year 7

1 Fundamentals of Algorithms 1

Why this?	Students understand several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking. They use logical reasoning to compare the utility of alternative algorithms for the same problem.
Why now?	Students know how to solve problems using python. They can link it to algorithms, flowcharts and pseudocode

4 Fundamentals of Algorithms 2

Why this?	Students should use several key algorithms that reflect computational thinking, for example, algorithms for sorting and searching
Why now?	Students must be familiar with creating flowcharts .

1 Online Safety 2

Why this?	Students are using more screen time, so they must learn about leaving a digital footprint, the appropriate use of selfies and the dangers of online grooming and sexting,
Why now?	Students are at the right age to learn about these online issues. They will also be building on their knowledge from Y7.

4 Code Breaking & Modelling

Why this?	Students learn about encryption and different methods used to crack codes. They also learn about spreadsheet modelling
Why now?	Students have prior knowledge of binary system from Y7 which they can apply to binary messages.

1 Online Safety 1

Why this?	Students are online all the time and need to be taught about the risk from unsuitable content, accidentally disclosing their personal data, illegal downloads, file sharing, spyware, viruses, inappropriate advances and cyberbullying.
Why now?	Students can start the academic year knowing how to keep safe, behave sensibly online and where/who to go to for help.

4 Data Representation 1

Why this?	Students will understand how numbers can be represented in binary. They understand how text and images can be represented digitally in the form of binary digits
Why now?	Students have no prior knowledge from KS2

2 Python programming

Why this?	Students are introduced to another text-based programming language Python. They use 2 environments: the Editor and Shell They progress from simple programs to more complex iteration.
Why now?	Students build on their knowledge of programming constructs from Scratch and visual basic.

5 Apps for Good 1

Why this?	Students will understand how problems can be solved using Technology. Student work in teams or individually to design and build an app that solves a problem they care about.
Why now?	Students build on their practical coding skills from Y8 Mobile App Development.

2 Web Development

Why this?	Students learn text-based coding language to design a website. They use notepad to code html and learn new practical skills.
Why now?	Further to writing block-based coding in Year 7, students will learn a new coding language, html.

5 Mobile App Development

Why this?	Students take on the role from designer to project manager to developer in order to create their own mobile app. They code in Java script
Why now?	Students build on their knowledge of programming concepts from Y7 before undertaking their project.

2 Scratch 1

Why this?	Students are introduced to block- based programming and will learn how to create games in scratch. They learn new practical skills.
Why now?	To introduce block-based programming to Y7 students who have never used Scratch before or who have had little practice and need a refresher course.

5 Scratch 2

Why this?	Students build on their knowledge of code blocks in Scratch 1. Students learn advanced coding skills and how to implement programming constructs in Scratch.
Why now?	To consolidate block-based programming using essential constructs which will be used in other programming languages in Y9 and KS4.

3 Cyber security

Why this?	Students learn about techniques used by cybercriminals disrupt systems, and infiltrate networks and prevention. (social engineering, hacking, DDoS attack and malware).
Why now?	Students have prior knowledge of malware and online security issues from Y7 & Y8.

6 Apps for Good 2

Why this?	Students develop their problem-solving app, with opportunities to bring in feedback from industry experts.
Why now?	Students continue to develop and build their App from Apps for Good 1.

3 Computer Networks and Protocols

Why this?	Students will define network, address the benefits of networking and explain how data is transmitted across networks using protocols.
Why now?	Students have basic knowledge of hardware from Y7. They will build on this knowledge and learn about network hardware.

6 Small Basic

Why this?	Students learn a new coding language, Small Basic. They learn to code in a powerful development environment using the Editor and IntelliSense.
Why now?	Students are introduced to the Editor environment for writing the code and a different environment of running the program.

3 Computer Systems

Why this?	Students must understand the hardware and software components that make up a computer system and how the communicate with one another and other systems. They will understand how instructions are stored and executed within a computer system
Why now?	Students have no prior knowledge from KS2 and will need to have the basic understanding in KS3 for in depth learning at KS4.

6 Digital Literacy

Why this?	Students will have an understanding of licensing issues, plagiarism, the use of different methods of citation and how to identify unreliable sources of information.
Why now?	Students need the basic knowledge, skills and tools for use in cross curriculum activities in Y7 onwards.



Year 11

1 Computer Networks

Why this?	Students can explain what a computer network is, discuss the merits of wired and wireless networking, LAN, Wan, Pan, topologies, protocols and the 4-layer TCP/IP model
Why now?	Students have learnt the basics of computer network at KS3 and computer systems in Y10. They will now build on their knowledge learning more details about the topic.

2 Programming Components 2

Why this?	Students learn and apply advanced programming concepts which include string handling nested selection, nested iteration, subroutines and random number generation.
Why now?	Students build on their knowledge and application of programming components in Y10.

3 Programming Components 3

Why this?	Students understand and know the differences between low- and high-level languages. They understand structured approach to programming, arrays, 2-dimensional arrays and databases.
Why now?	Students build on their advanced knowledge and application of programming component 2..

4 Programming Process 1

Why this?	Students learn robust and secure programming processes. They can discuss the merits of translators, compilers, assembly languages and interpreters and the differences
Why now?	Students build on their knowledge of programming components modules in Y10 Y11.

5 Programming Processes 2 Revision

Why this?	Students understand and can create and use files, relational databases, and structured query language. They also learn testing, Validation and authentication in programming.
Why now?	Students build on their knowledge from the programming modules in Y11..

6 Revision

Why this?	Students consolidate their learning. They ruse past papers and other resources like PiXL, Seneca and GCP workbook for revision.
Why now?	Students have finished the syllabus and need to improve their exam technique.

Year 10

1 Computer Systems

Why this?	Students will explain Logic gates and circuits, the Von Neuman architecture and the role of main and secondary memory, the components of the CPU and Fetch-Execute cycle.
Why now?	Students have learnt the basics of computer system at KS3 and will build on their knowledge and delve into more details on the topic.

2 Data Representation 3

Why this?	Students will convert from binary, decimal and hexadecimal ,add multiply and divide binary numbers and calculate file sizes. They will understand character sets, sound, image and compression of data.
Why now?	Students have learnt the basics of data representation at KS3 and will build on that knowledge and delve into more details on the topic.

3 Fundamentals of Algorithms 3

Why this?	Students understand algorithms expressed in pseudocode and flowcharts and use these to write algorithms. They can understand and explain decomposition, abstraction, efficiency, searching and sorting algorithms.
Why now?	Students will build on their knowledge of the basics of fundamentals of algorithms which they learnt at KS3.

4 Cyber security

Why this?	Students are able to explain cyber security and cybersecurity threats. They can describe methods that suitable for protecting from cyber threats
Why now?	Students will build on their knowledge of cyber security from KS3.

5 Programming Components 1

Why this?	Students understand and use data types, operators, variable declaration and assignment. They can apply programming techniques and constructs.
Why now?	Students will build on their knowledge of programming and practical skills from KS3.

6 Societal Impact

Why this?	Students learn about the laws that govern the use of computer systems and technology.. They are able to discuss moral, ethical, legal, social and environmental issues regarding computer technology
Why now?	Students will build on their knowledge of online safety in KS3 and cyber security .in Y10.